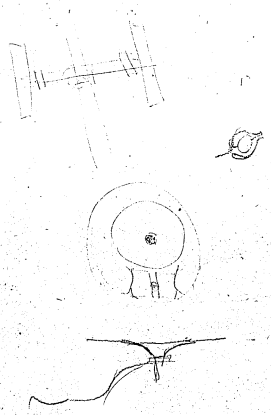
Notebook, N-89-10-29

This notebook covers the period October 1889-January 1890. It was used by William Burlingham and another unidentified experimenter for notes, drawings, and calculations regarding an electric railway system. Related material can be found in Arthur E. Kennelly Notebook #2. The front cover is labeled "#573 Oct 29-Jan." The spine is labeled "99." The pages are unnumbered except for pages 44-53. Approximately 110 pages have been used.

YE-172 N-89-10-29

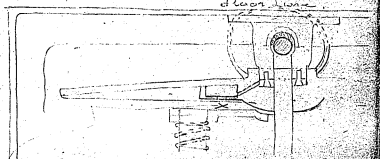
#573

W. Bulingham
Oct 29. 89



Three-Car System.
Sketches

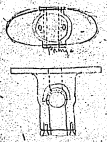
Bromley
Morton 1/4 in.
Floor Line



Trucks adjustable making clearance of opening adjustable by a nut

Roller to have roller or ball bearing
Or axle bent instead of a bolt hole
to make this fast cylinder end
left to be merely a groove

Sketch of Top bearing



Worm

Oct 29
89

3/8" Pitch. 4.187 Diameter. Pitch

4.187) 27.000.000 (6.44
25134
18660
16756
19040
16756

Dia. 6.44

6.44
3.22
1.5
4.72

Worm and Wheel designed by J. J. Newell Jr. Office

5¼

Worm

4½

Worm wheel 6½" diameter
2" wide. 27 Teeth 3/8 Pitch
Machined on Pairs of sides

Worm 4 threads 3" Pitch
4" Pitch diameter. (Addendum 4 threads)
Outside diameter 4.45 about 4½
Worm 4" over ends
Bore of
Gear bored to run on axle

dia of gear
about 6.95
7-1
2 inches

3.22
3
.22
.25
.225
1/4"

4½ 4.45

24
24

6.5
6.75

6.2
1400
350

Worm 1400 4000 ft per minute
Gear Wheel on 30" dia.
9 miles per hour
30
2.5 ft dia
circ = 7.854

52800
47520 ft

7854) 4752000 (605.04
47124
396000
392700
3300

60) 6050 (worm
101 turns.

100 turns from worm to gear.
Worm + gear are 1:1.
∴ 100 turns of worm and
to 7 friction plates.

8" circumference 24" 3) 240
½ dia 1) 9 (2.25 4 720

Efficiency of worm gear

$$\xi = \frac{\cot\theta}{\cot(\theta - \phi)} = \frac{1 - \mu\frac{\rho}{2\pi r}}{1 + \mu\frac{2\pi r}{\rho}}$$

θ = angle of worm thread
μ = coefficient of friction
r = radius of the worm
ϕ = Angle of repose between bulb & contact
ξ = Efficiency of the gear

Methods of speed regulation.

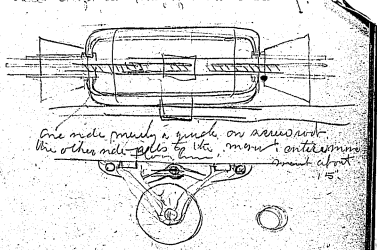
Worm gear 7-1

Car wheel 1100 rpm
Worm 700 " } gear
Armature 1400 "

Peripheral speed 4400 ft

Remarks

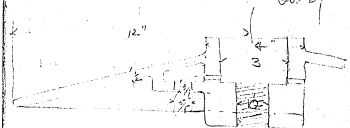
Screw of off on worm of motor assembly.



One side merely a guide on armature. The other side applies to the worm & intermediate about 15°

Discs as worn Pattern Makers

Oct 29



12 Ribs to Paddle

No oil holes

do arms with ball thrust

Shaft to be fastened to boss with pin.

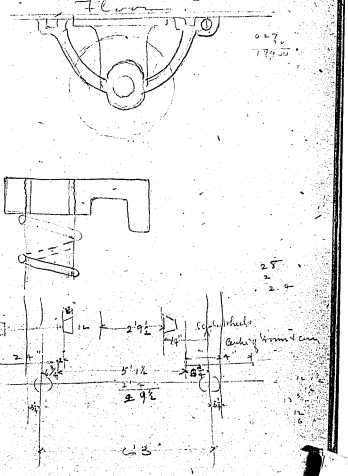
Name brass Pattern Makers Table bearing

Centre wheel to rack = 15"

Rail to striking, beam 2 3/4

2 3/4

10 1/2



In this design of drive
theoretically, and in practice,
threads on the crank frame,

Flywheel

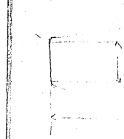
Double make
from shaft
3" Standard

Wheel

Driving pedal shaft

Driving pedal shaft

Driving pedal shaft



3/4 circ P = 4.189 Diametral Pitch.

$t = \frac{1.57}{4.189}$ = width of teeth on P. circle 3/4

$D = \frac{2}{4.189}$ working depth .477

$h = \frac{t}{10} = \frac{.374}{10} = .0374$

.477
.037
.514
.374

4.189) 1.570000 (.374
1257
31330
29323
2007
1675
332

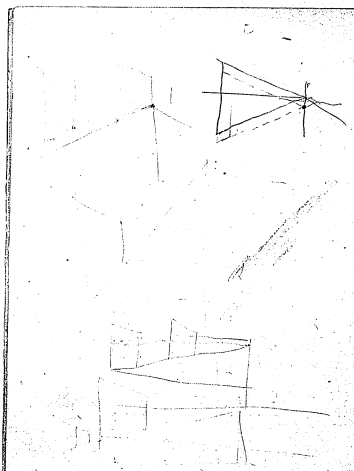
4.189) 2.000000 (.477
1675
32440
29323
3117

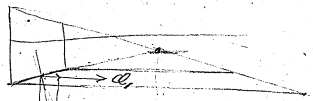
4.189) 2.000000 (.477
1675
32440
29323
3117

$D = \frac{2.742}{4.189}$

4.189) 2.000000 (.64+ Make 6.44 .48
2.51340
18660
16756
19040
16756 .24

$D = .48$) 2.710000 (.644
2.51340
18660
16756
19040 .24





N_1 p $a_1 = p.pm.d$

$p = \frac{q}{C}$

$T = \frac{550 \cdot P}{v\,feet/sec} = \frac{550 \times 8}{22.7}$

smallest v = 24" dia $\frac{1300R}{6} =$

$v = 6.28 \times \frac{217}{60} = 22.7$ feet/sec

$T = 190$ lbs

$$p = \frac{T}{\mu} = \frac{190}{2} = 950 \text{ lbs}$$

$$W_1 = p \cdot \sin\delta \qquad 156 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\operatorname{tg}\delta = \frac{4}{36} = .166$$

$$\delta = 9^\circ 28'$$

$$Q_1 = 950 \times .164 = 156 \text{ lbs}$$

Crank 12" -- 3 times round to make whole travel $3 \times 8 \times 3 = 114"$

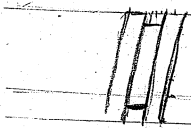
$114 \div 8 = 14$ $\quad 156 \div 14 = 11$ lbs

$T = t \cdot \beta$; $t = 80$ lbs pr inch of face

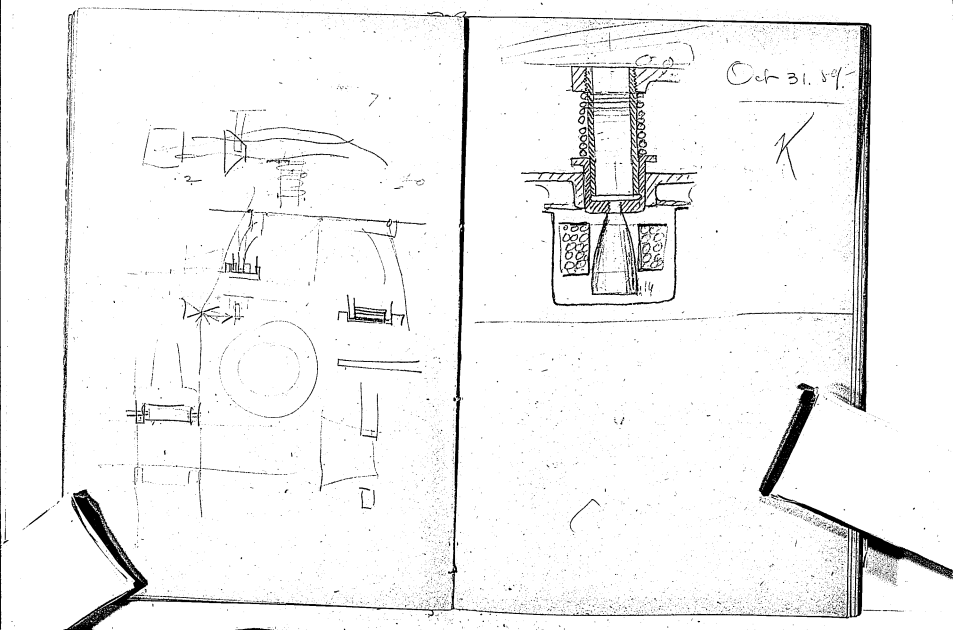
$\beta = \frac{T}{t} = \frac{190}{60} = 3\frac{1}{2}$

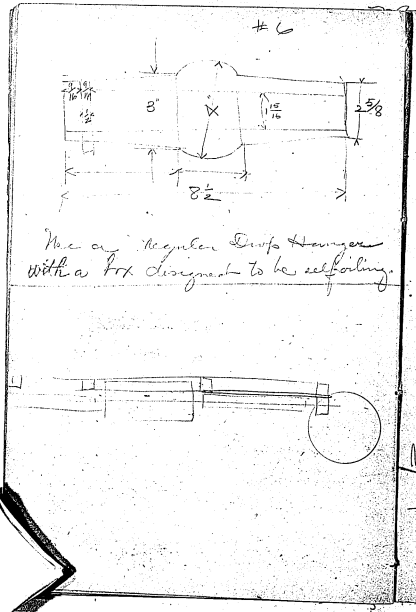
11 lbs pressure per handle

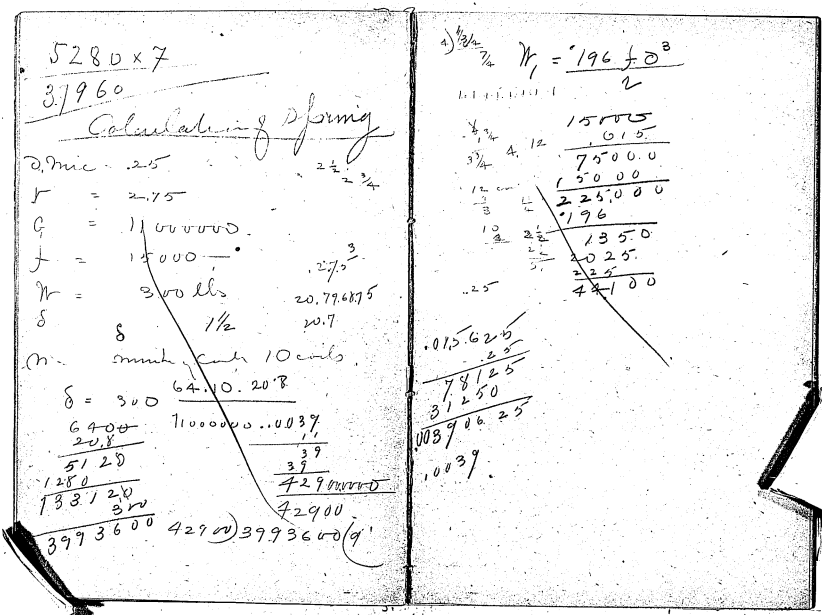
$\frac{1}{4}$

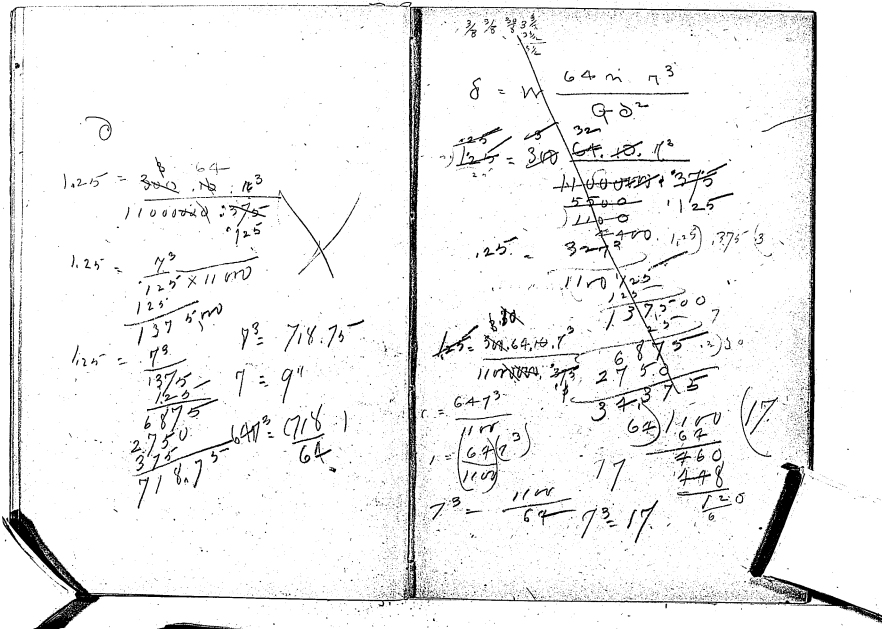


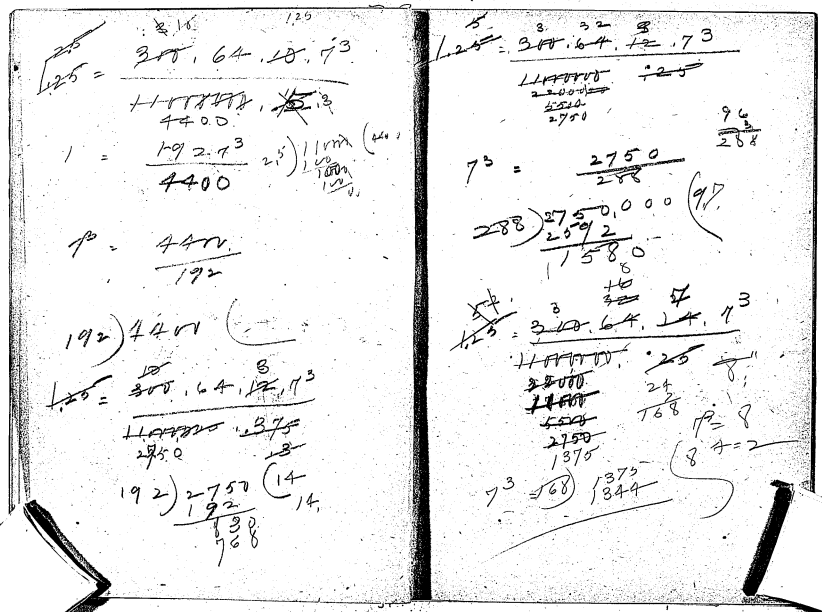
Screw 8" travel $\frac{1}{4}$" pitch
32 turns, 8" movement
(2" x 10") 2 gears
3 turns for reversing

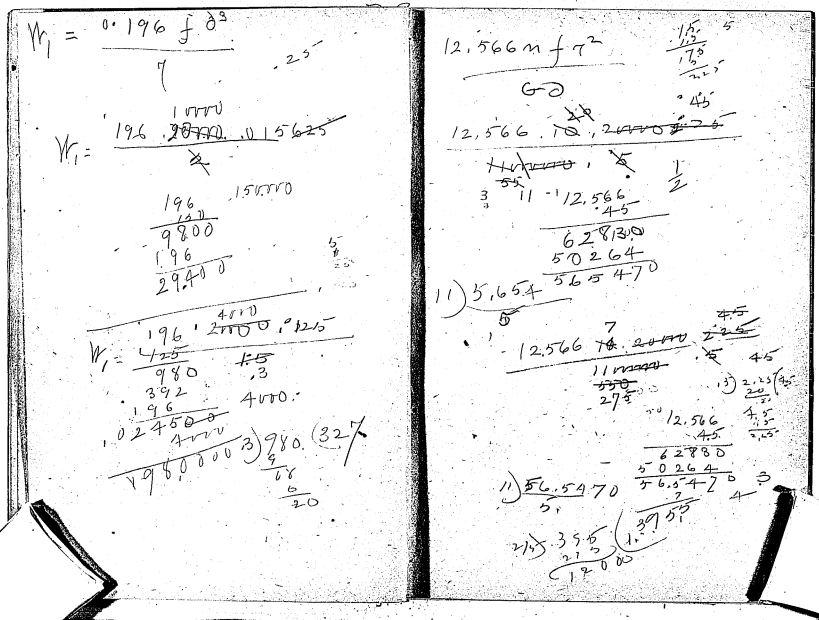

Oct 31. 89.


#6
5"
15/16
2 5/8
8 1/2
Use any regular Drop Hanger with a Frx Design not to be self-tailing.


5280 x 7
31960
Calculating Spring
D. Wire .225
r = 2.75
G = 11 000 000
f = 15000
W = 300 lbs
δ 1½
n. small coils 10 coils
δ = 300
64.10.20.8
6400
20.8
5120
1280
133120
3
399360
429 in) 399360 (9
429000
W = 196 f0³
2
15000
.015
75000
150000
2250000
196
13500
20250
225
441000
.015625
25
78125
31250
.003906 25
.0039







12566 . m . f . f^2

110 00000 . E

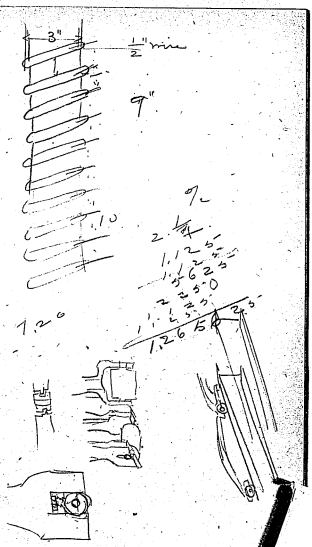
12566 . .45 . 2250 . 225

11 . .45
55
11

12,566
.9
11.3094

11) 11.30
1.13

1.13 Greatest extension + Compression



Nov. 1st 89

$T = \frac{550\,H}{V \text{ feet/sec}}$ = Tangential force see Nov 7th

$v = 157 \times \frac{1300}{60} = 34$ feet/sec

$T = \frac{550 \times 8}{34} = 130$ lbs

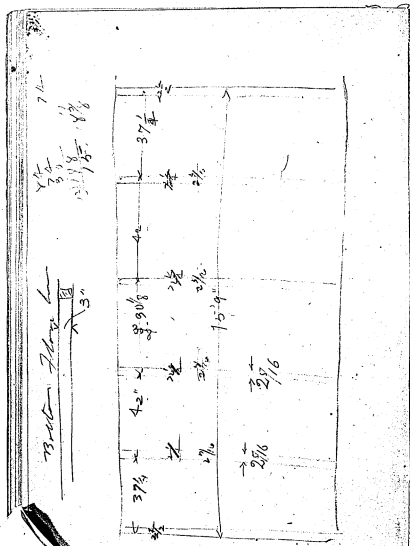
$P = \frac{T}{\mu} = \frac{130}{.2} = 650$ lbs.

$Q_1 = P \sin \delta = 650 \times .139$

$= 90$ lbs

$Q_2 = P \cos \delta = 650$ lbs

1.350 33000



Y

609 lbs – 6 1/4"
900 lbs – 8 3/8"
2 1/4 dia 9 3/16"
3/16 min 2 rib = 1.4"
60 1/4"
1.5 cents
800

196 . 2 [illegible] . 105

1 1 2 5

196 . 9

156800

(.9) 156.800 (175 gallons)

D = 12'566 . mf c²

Q D³ 42

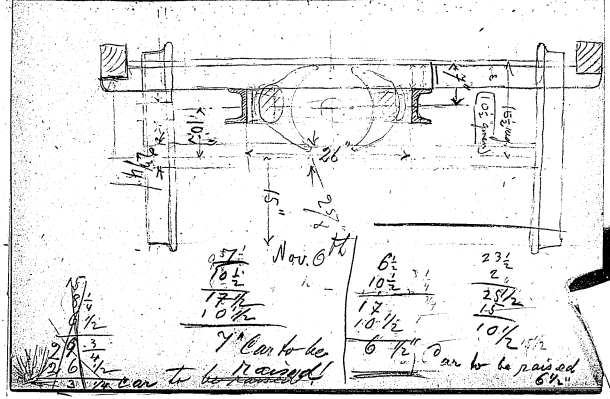
12'566 1.5³ 20000 . 126

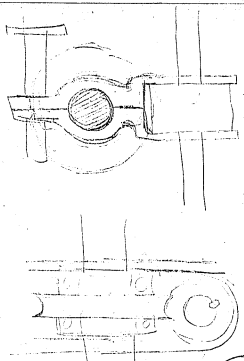
(12'566) (43) (.8) . 375 . 125

1568. = (1.25) (110) = 13.75

13.75

1.2

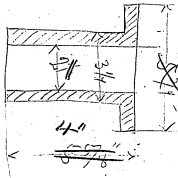

26"
Nov. 6th
7" Car to be raised
6½" Car to be raised 6½"



Nov 2 89

Engine as given Kennedy

34 X 22 X 18.

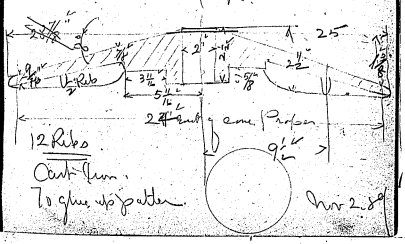


Finished all over

Changed Nov 6th

Bronze shell for piston and on Street Car Motor

Nov 2nd 1889 K

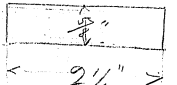


12 Ribs.

Cast them.

To glue up pattern.

Nov 2. 89

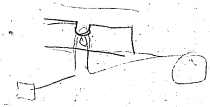


Go of these

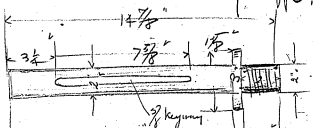
Steel rollers for S.C. Motor

D

6th Nov 89. K



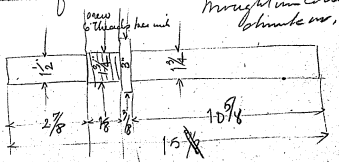
Nov 5. 89. WB.



Set 3/8 deep in shaft

Turn of this. Machine steel

Brought in cutter 6 minutes.



Turn this.

Machine steel. WB.

On the worm should be set the key and the keyway rounded off on edges.

$\frac{12 \times 60}{720}$

Pitch of screw: 1¼" dia square thread:

$p = 0.16d + 0.08$
$= 0.16 \times 1.25 + 0.08$
$= .28"$

Make 4 threads to the inch $= .25"$ pitch

Power motion of screw.

Nov 5th N.

Screw $1\frac{1}{2}$" dia
$\frac{1}{14}$" pitch

3 Seconds to stop the car from ~~[illegible]~~ miles speed

6 seconds to reverse motion between highest speeds.

Travel of paper cone $17\frac{1}{2}$" (16½ ÷ 16 = Error 13th 89)

Revols of screw $17\frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{14}$

$= 70$ revol in 6 seconds

Revols of motor in 6 seconds:

$6 \times \frac{1350}{60} = 135$

Therefore Gears. $135 : 70 = 2 : 1$

Centre distance betw. gears = 9"

$\frac{R}{r} = 2.57$

$9 : 3.57 = 2.5$

$R = 6\frac{1}{2}$

$r = 2\frac{1}{2}$

Centre distance betw. gears. $= 8\frac{1}{2}$

$R = 5\frac{1}{2}$"

$r = 2\frac{3}{4}$"

Tangential force. Nov 7th

$T = \frac{550 \times P}{V \frac{\text{feet}}{\text{sec.}}} = \frac{550 \times 9}{38.5} =$

$v = 1.37 \times \frac{1350}{60} = 38.5$ feet/sec.

$T = 130$ lbs

P.D of cone $5\frac{1}{2}$"

$P_L = \frac{T}{a} = \frac{130}{.2} = 650$ lbs

$W_r = P_{proof} = 650 \times .139$

90 lbs on pawl

P dia of pinion $1\frac{1}{2}$"

P. dia of gear 9"

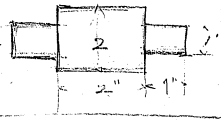
Pinion $9'' \times x$ lbs $= 1\frac{1}{2} \times 100$ lbs

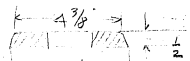
$x = 13$ lbs " 6 P. teeth

Continued on page 5

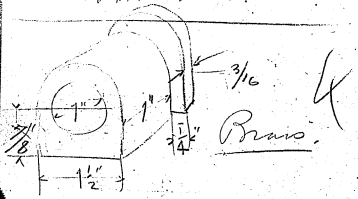
4.6

Trim Pattern. Mrs. B. M.



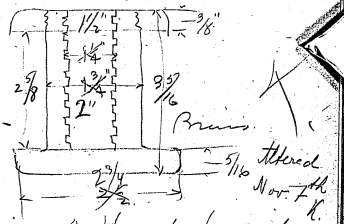


Front View.



Brass.

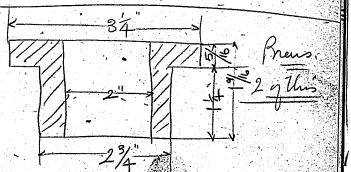
42



Brass. Altered Nov. 7th K.

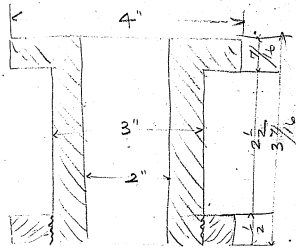
4 threads for nick

2 of these with threads
2 without threads



Brass. 2 of this

NB. Trim 6 M



2 y Chas. Brown.

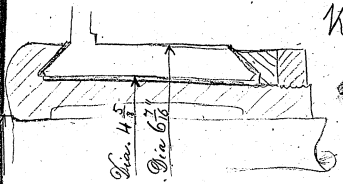
Finish all over.

W. Mus 6 Sep

Nov 7 Fr 8

Commutator 60 divisions

K.



Inside dia. 4 3/8

Circumf = 14.5 .60 = .242

.024

Bar .218

Outside dia. 6 7/16", depth of bar 2 9/32"

.218" 6 7/16 — — 20.0277

+ .1963

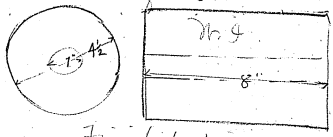
20.224 .60 = .337

.024

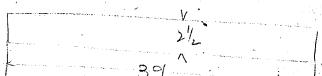
.313"

Wood. 8 of

4 of these



Finished sizes

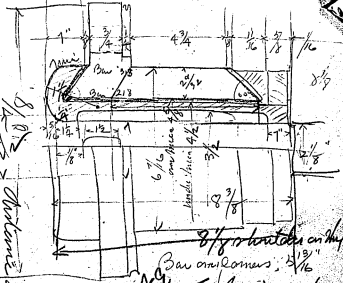


Finished sizes

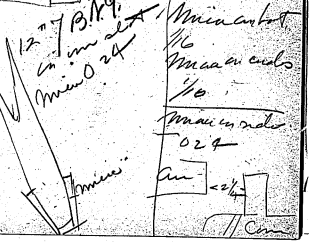
Hammer Intend

Wood. 2 #12 Brushes and

Brush headless.



Annealed Copper Wire



Gears for Reverse movement

$13^{lbs} \times .375 = \frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{6} \cdot h^2 \times 200$ lbs per sq in for rawhide

$13 \times 13\frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{6} \times 6 \cdot \frac{1}{16} \times 200$

$6 = \frac{13 \times 3 \times 6 \times 16}{8 \times 200 \times 2} = 1\frac{3}{8}$ "

made 1 3/4 "

6 Pitch; Gear p.dia: $5\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 33$ teeth
" p.dia: $11 \times 6 = 66$ "
" p.dia $4\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 27$ "
p.dia $9 \times 6 = 54$ "

Order given Mr B for 2 1 11/16 Pillow Blocks.

When these have 1/2" Lattices Pf holes Making them 2 3/8 centre to Centre of bore

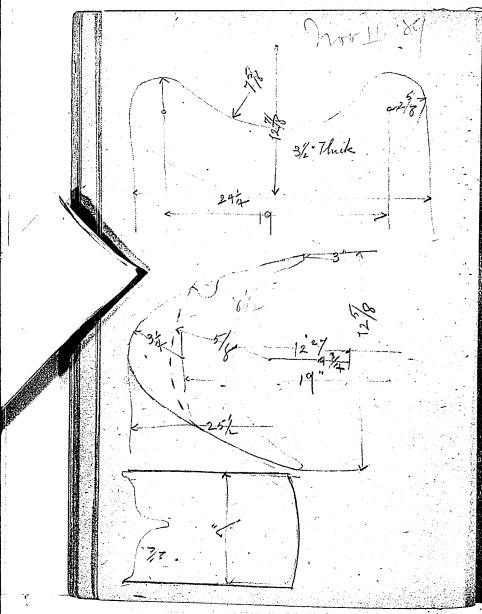
WB

Order to Mr Thomas.
Nov 9th 89

2 Channel irons each 16 feet long, 5" high

25 lbs per yard

27 lbs per yd



Nov. 11.

To be made.

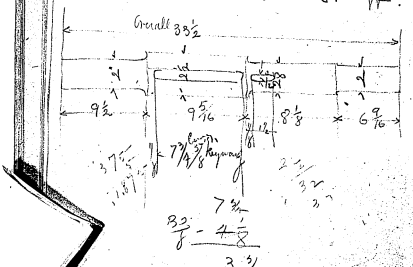
Guide bracket for screw box. behind Shaft.

Nov. 11. 89

Short-Pan Worlds Shaft.

Position and Type of Keyway will be given Later.

Hammered Steel. WB.



7 3/4
33/4 - 4 1/8
3 3/8

17) 3.62
.36

8½

11/2 5½ 3.5 9

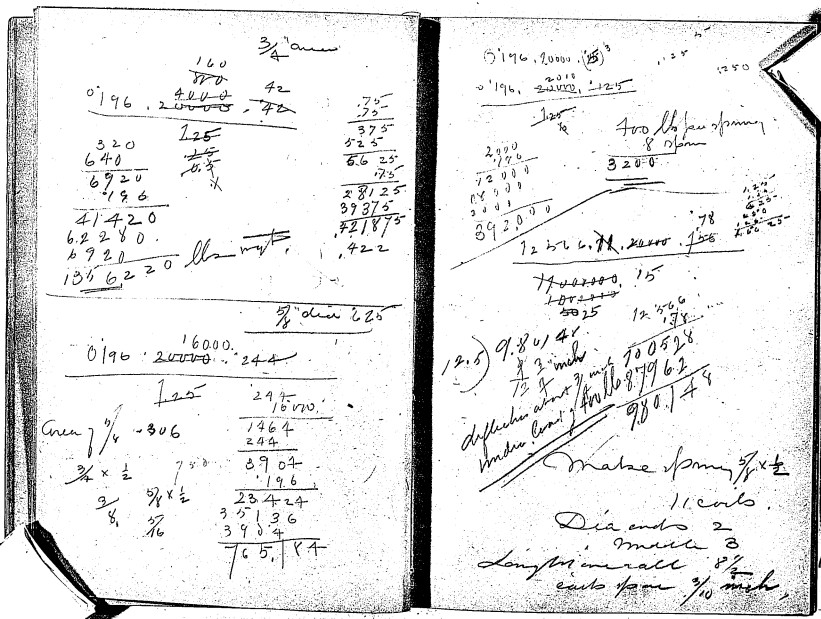
Nov. 12. 89.

Number of Cords.	17
Diameter at ends.	2
Diameter at Middle.	3
Length over all.	7¾
Diameter of Wire.	
Constant S.	20 000.
Constant G.	11 000 000.
% wire in square.	
Width of Torsion	5/8 ⅛ Less circle.
" " wire	3/8

W = quantities safe Load Limit

$W_1 = \frac{0.196 \frac{1}{3} D^3}{K}$

$\delta_1 = \frac{12566 \text{ nf } R^2}{GD}$ Corresponding def. or extension.



Nov 13

Carsprings

11 coils

Dia at ends 2" outside

" " Middle 3" outside

length unall 8½"

Coils spaced 3

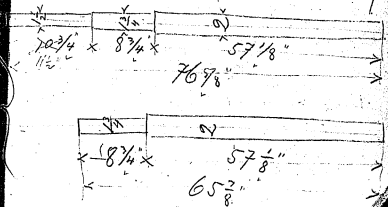
Wire used 5/8 × 1/2"

Sketch of this.

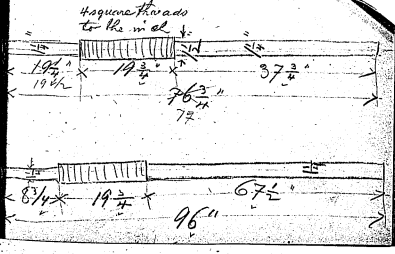
WB.

Nov 13 '89

Main shafts



Screw shafts

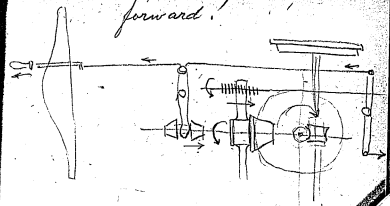


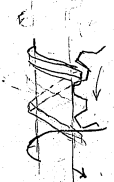
Ordered Nov. 13th

1 Wrought iron shafts 2" dia, 6½ feet long
1 " " " 2" " 5½ " "
1 " " " 1½" " 6½ " "
1 " " " 1½ " 8 " "

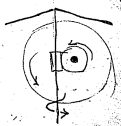
Ordered Nov 14 '87
Rec'd from E M Sipe, 6 #12
Hammered them off
80.

forward!

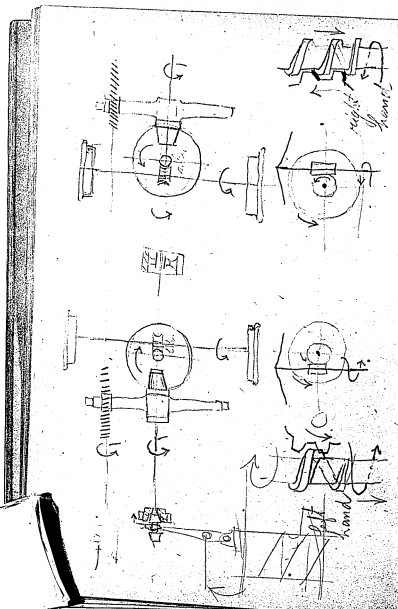




left hand



Armature shafts rotating in right hand direction as the hands of a watch in order to wind cars forward.



Nov. 18th 87

Approximate weight of parts:

Shaft	150 lbs		1960 lbs
Screw	70 "	2 main brackets	180
Armature cores	270 "	4 screws	128
Wood & brackets	32 "	2 end "	60
Cores of motor	135 "	Sundries	100
Keepers	325 "	Total	2528
Pole pieces	190 "	Discs	220
Armature core	70 "	Bearings for shaft	100
Commutator	50 "	Brasses for worms	35
Arm wire	55 "		2883
Field "	100 "		
Fastening of arm	30 "		
2 pillow blocks	85 "		
4 " bearings	60 "		
4 screw bearings	60 "		
2 " gears	60 "		
Levers and links	50 "		
Couplings	35 "		
2 Worms and gears	75 "		
2 Shafts & carriages	27 "		
4 " & springs	30 "		
	1960 "		

Per spring

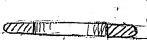
Car body 3000 lbs

Motor 2400

5400 : 8 = 675 lbs per spring

$$P = \frac{\sigma}{3R} \frac{b^2 h^2}{\sqrt{b^2+h^2}}$$

Take $R = 1\frac{1}{8}$" ; mean dia $2\frac{1}{4}$"



$$\frac{b}{h} = \frac{2.5}{1}; \quad b = 2.5h$$

$$675 = \frac{14000}{3 \times 1\frac{1}{8}} \frac{2.5^2 h^2 \cdot h^2}{\sqrt{2.5^2 h^2 + h^2}}$$

$$= \frac{14000}{3.375} \frac{6.25 h^4}{2.7 h^3}$$

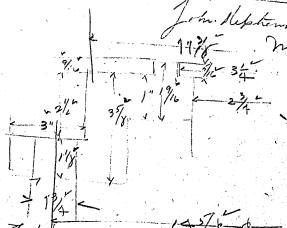
$$h = \sqrt[3]{\frac{675 \times 3.375 \times 2.7}{14000 \times 6.25}} = .41"$$

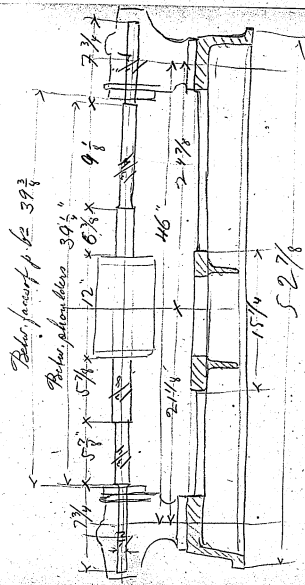
$\simeq \frac{3}{8}$"

$h = \frac{3}{8}$; $6 = 25 \times \frac{3}{8} = 1''$

40 ft radius Curves Unbroken base can be spaced to 7 ft. Better with many curves about 27 ft radius the 0'3" base is quite enough.

John Hopkinson & Co

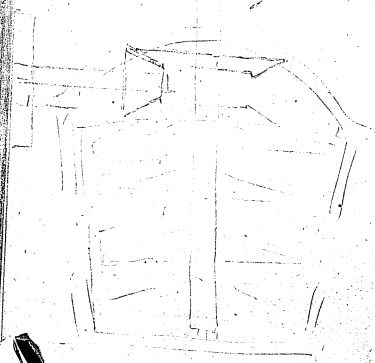




Nov. 22. 1858

Pinions for Brixen.

10" Oval flange cut.



Bevel Gears.

59	7.	dia	1 3/4 face	Bd. Pin
~~Dia~~ 39	12.437	1 3/4 face	3.25	1
160	12	3.875	1 3/4 "	

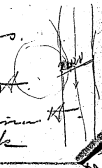
Rogers Machine Works.

a + t Rowans.

" 57 59 + 61 Lewis St.

60 62 64 66 Canning St.

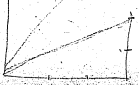
New York



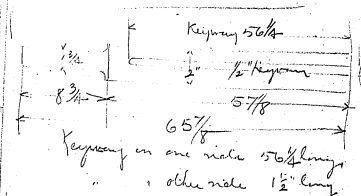
C = 63000

$\frac{63000}{2695} = 23.4$

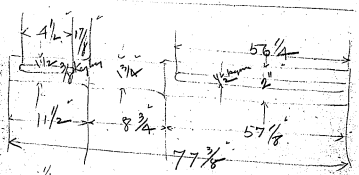
1900 lbs. circumferential force on the main wheel at 77 Revs per m. and 8 HP



Nov. 25. 1884



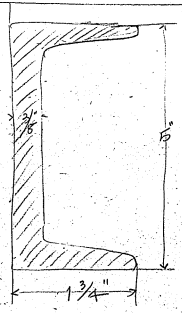
Keyway on one niche 56 1/4 long
" other niche 1 1/2" long



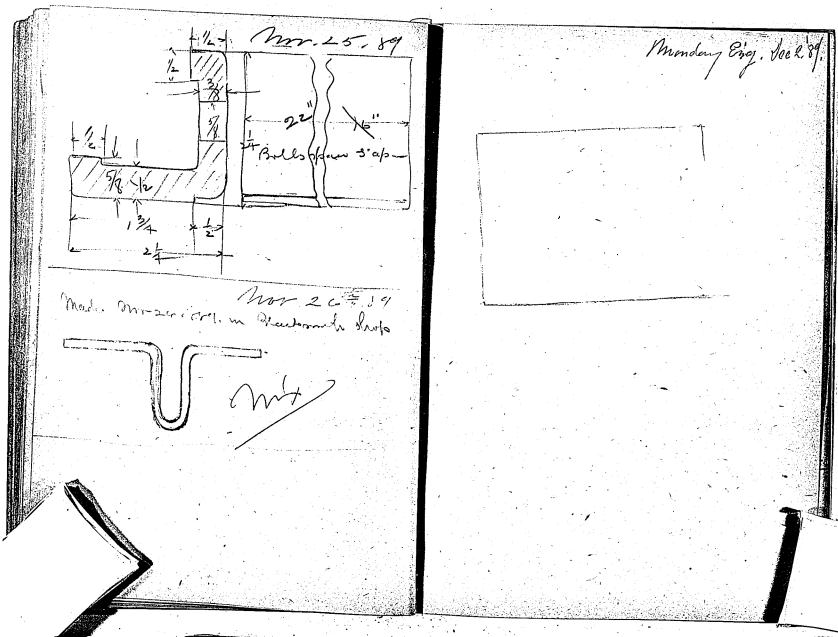
one keyway 56 1/4 } long
opposite keyway 1 1/2 }

Nov 25 1884

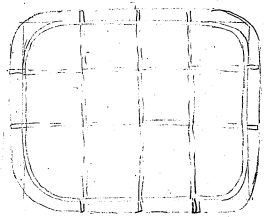
Centres of outside bearings 12' 11 3/4"
Centres of side brackets 7' 7 1/2"
Centre of inside brackets 10 3/4 + 10 1/2
Total length 15' 11" (Crossbeams 2 1/2")
Distances between centres of beams.
37 1/4" - 42" - 30 1/8 - 42" - 37 1/4
26" between the parallel channels. inside dimensions.

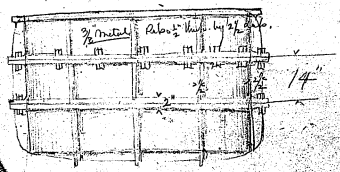


84
12 1/2
7 3
91 1/2
.98
91 1/2
10 1/2
1.02

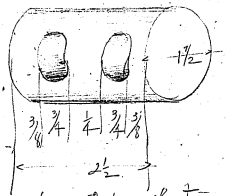

Nov. 25, 89
1½
½
¾
⅝
2"
⅛"
½
¼
Balls Ferry 3 o/o
½
1
⅝
½
1¾
½
2½
Nov 26 '89
Mod. Mission Grl. in Sacramento Style
Monday Eve. Dec 2. 89.

Monday Eng. Dec 2-4

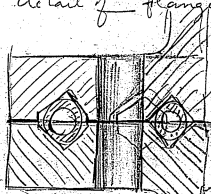




Monday Eng. Dec 2—4



6 of this. 2 to each transformer.
9 1/2 Copper Rod

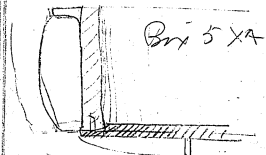


Detail of Flange Joint

The bolt holes and grooves are cast in the pattern. The side Rubs are loose pieces (and with the bottom) are inserted in their respective positions

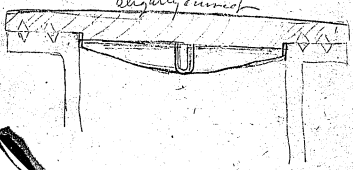
Monday. Eng. Design

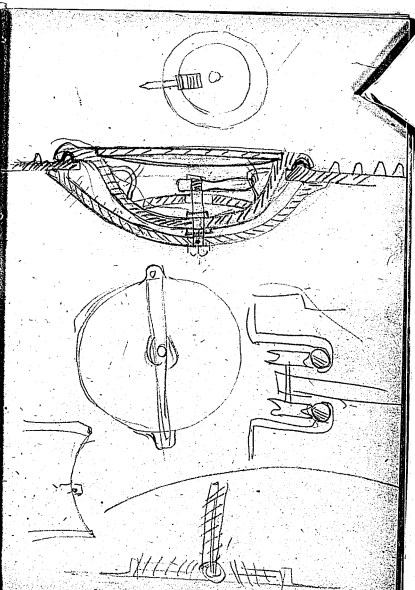
Brg 5 X 4 X 3½

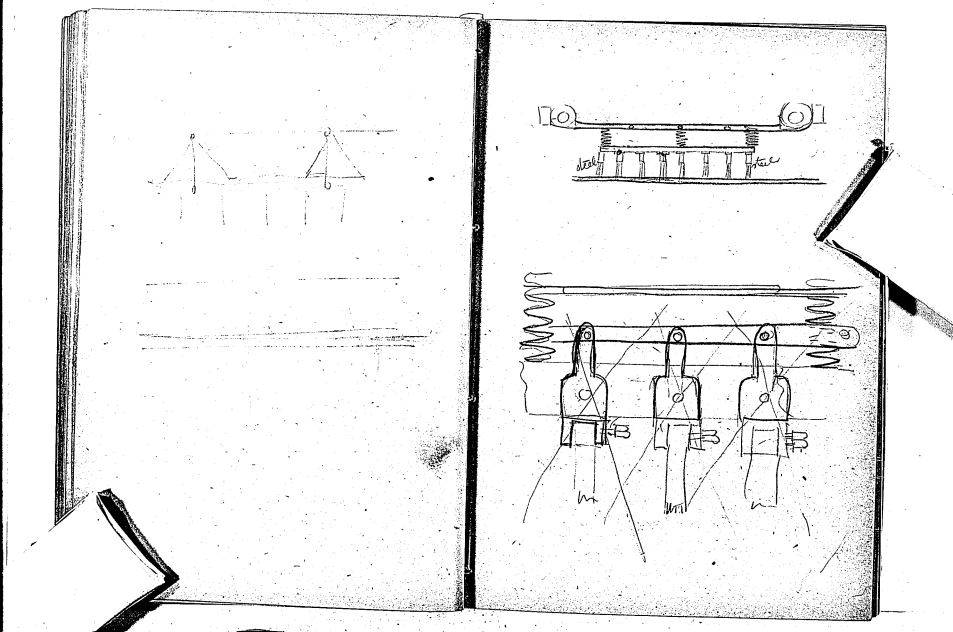


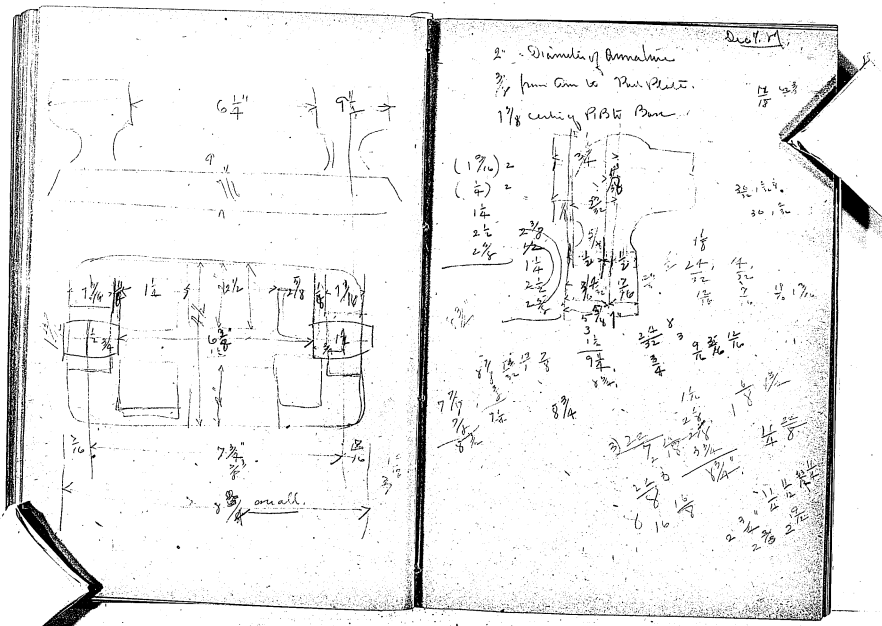
Bottom is a brass piece and merely formed for the bottom casting.

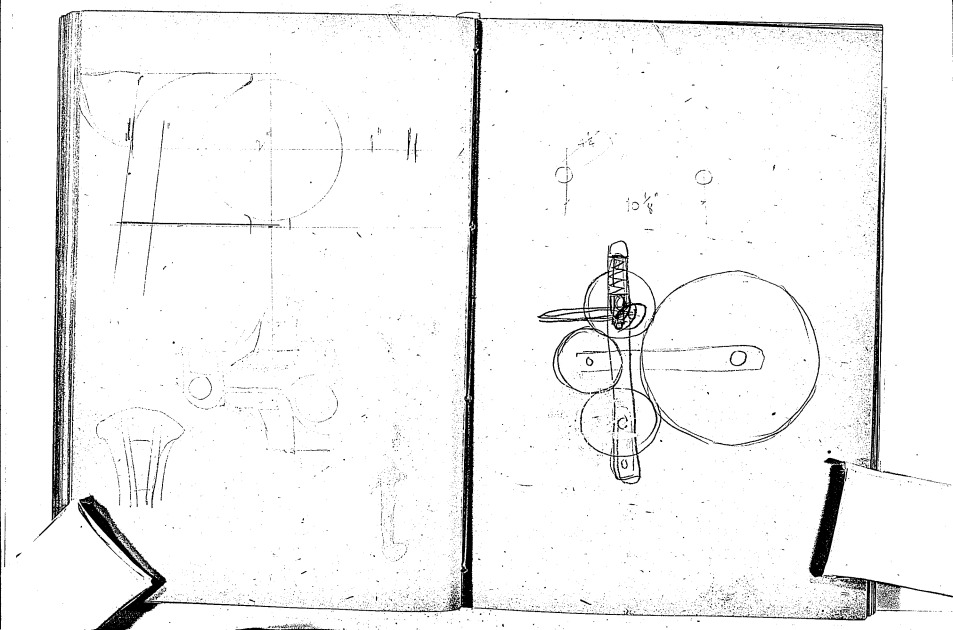
slightly curved

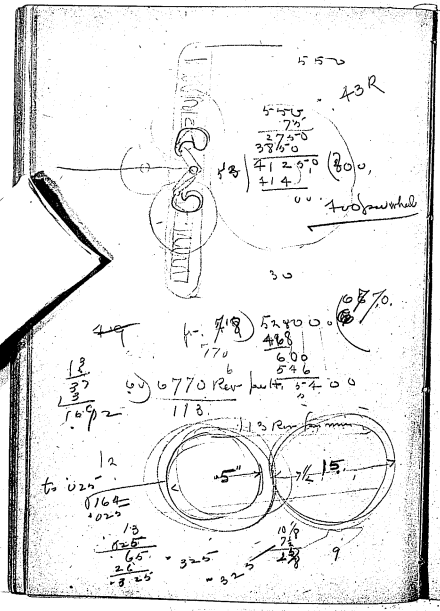







Dec 4. 41
2" - Diameter of Armature
3/8" from Cam to Rod Plate.
1 7/8 center PB to Bore.
6 1/4"
9"
1 7/16
1 1/2
2 7/8
1 3/16
6"
1 1/4
7/16
7 3/4"
1/2
3/8 on all.


10 1/8"



P = pressure between the two wheels

μ = coeff of friction

T = tangential resistance

$$P = \frac{T}{\mu}$$

r = radius of pitch surface of bevel wheel

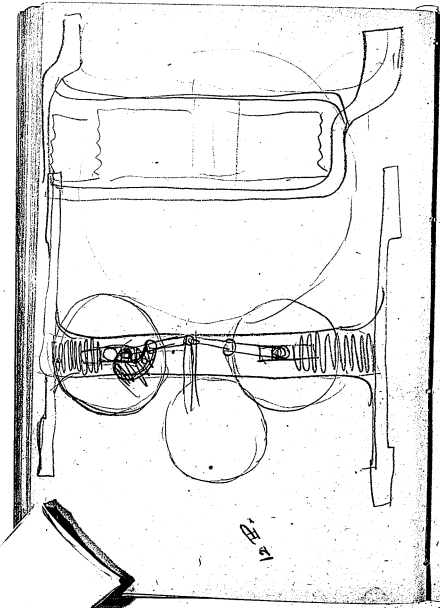
HP = Horse power

$$T = \frac{550\,H}{V} = \frac{550 : 12}{}$$

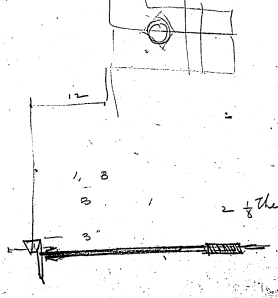
$$T = \frac{550\,H}{V}$$

$$P = \frac{250 \text{ lbs}}{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$P = \frac{250 \text{ lbs}}{\frac{1}{4}}$$



1/2 H.P. 625 lbs per wheel
7½ H.P. 4 rollers per wheel.



Dec 9.84 Planing for Sprague Motor Driven Friction Clutch

W_1 Gravitational Constant
δ_1 Conversion of deflection (η) yards 3/8 miles

$W_1 = 0196 \; f \delta^3$

$\delta_1 = 12'566 \; \eta f^2 \cdot \frac{1}{q \delta}$ $q = 11{,}000{,}000$ $\frac{1}{4}$ diameter δ 250 lbs.

η = rank

f = Buckling factor $= 20000$ lbs

$W_1 = 0196 \cdot 20000 \cdot \frac{1}{160} \cdot 052$

$\frac{3}{8} = .375$

$125 \cdot 140625$

$\cdot 052 \; \overline{7\,03125}$

$0196 \cdot \frac{1}{160} \cdot 20000 \cdot 052$

$\frac{3}{8} \; \frac{125}{1000} \; \frac{1}{4}$

$36 \; \frac{5}{72}$

$1007 \; \overline{)\; 15680} \; (233{,}00$

$\frac{14}{27}$

$\frac{25}{20}$

$233.$

$0196 \cdot 200000 \cdot (\frac{3}{8})^3$

$12'566 \cdot f \cdot 20000 \cdot \frac{1}{500}$

$\frac{1}{4} \cdot 375$

$\frac{500}{2}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1

$0.196 \frac{\pi}{4} D^3$ — 3.375 / 1.875

$0.196 \cdot 20000 \cdot .1875$

1875

$.0196 \cdot 20000 \cdot .0880$

$\times$

1660.0
196
9960
14.940 — 325 lbs.
1660
325.360

$12.566 \frac{\pi}{4} d^2$

$\frac{\pi}{4} D^2 \cdot 12566 \cdot 20000 \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 1$

$\frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 1000000 \cdot .4375^2$ — $.4375^2$

$.4375$
21875
30625
87500
191406250

$12.566 \mid 12.566$

Helical spring

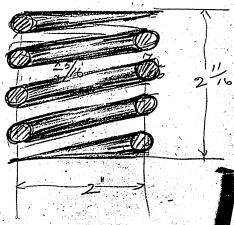
Dec 9 1884

4 coils. 7/16 wire - coils separated 5/10 inch. 2" dia ~~outside~~.

$\frac{25}{16}$
$\frac{15}{16}$
$\frac{43}{16} = 2\frac{11}{16}$ Tolmy.
$32\frac{11}{11}$

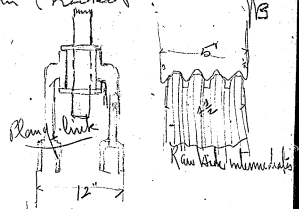
325 lbs. with a deflection of one inch.

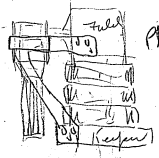
$2\frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{15}{16} \cdot \frac{43}{16} = 2\frac{11}{16}$ Length of spring



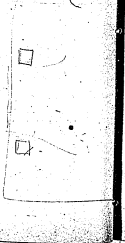
Dec 04

Holes commence 6½" outside Centre of main Bracket.

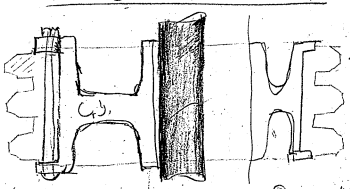




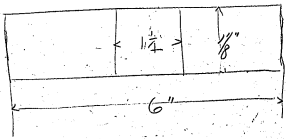
Plan of Bracket (Diagrammatic)

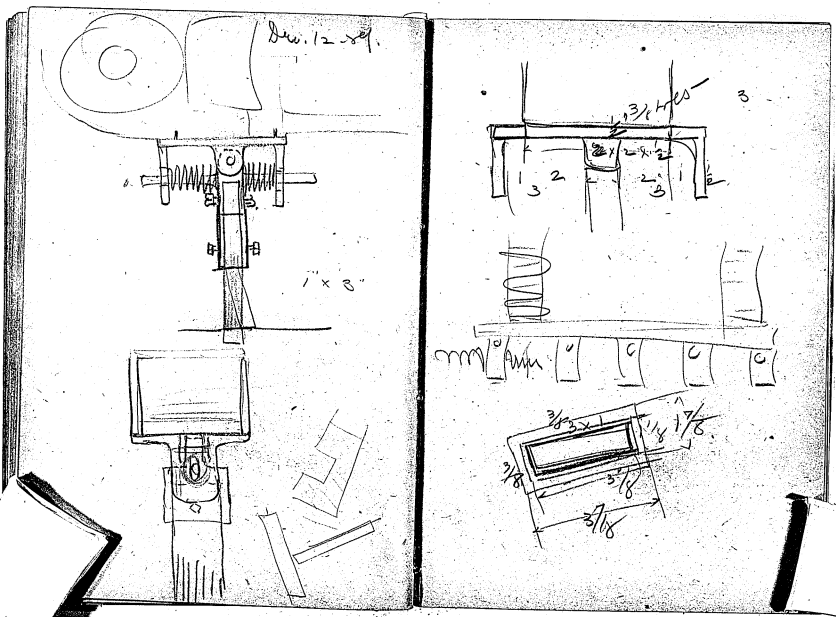


Sketch Construction Raw Side Gates.



Dec 11 89




Drw. 12 x 4.
1" x 8"
1 3/4 leg
3
2 x 1
2 x 2
1
2
3
3/8
1 1/8
1 7/8
3/8
3 1/8
3 1/8

Dec 12-84 Brush blade springs for hack cleaner

$n_1 = \frac{0.196 \pm \theta^3}{T}$

$D_1 = \frac{12566 \; mm^2}{9d}$

196 . 20000 . 015

784 0
7840
39200
7840
117600

6 coils.

3"

12566 . 3 . 20000 . 25

196 . 20000 . 005) 37698 (5275

196 4000 0
784

$0.196 \pm \theta^3$

$\theta = .04425$

.011244 1406.25

.00238328

.00024
.002
.000216

196 . 40000 . 00024

7840
.01624
31360
15680
187160

1.8lbs.

.187 5
.0065 37203
.006

7840
.086
47040

12566 . 3 . 20000 . 25

12566 . 20000 . 500

41.25) 87.962 (2

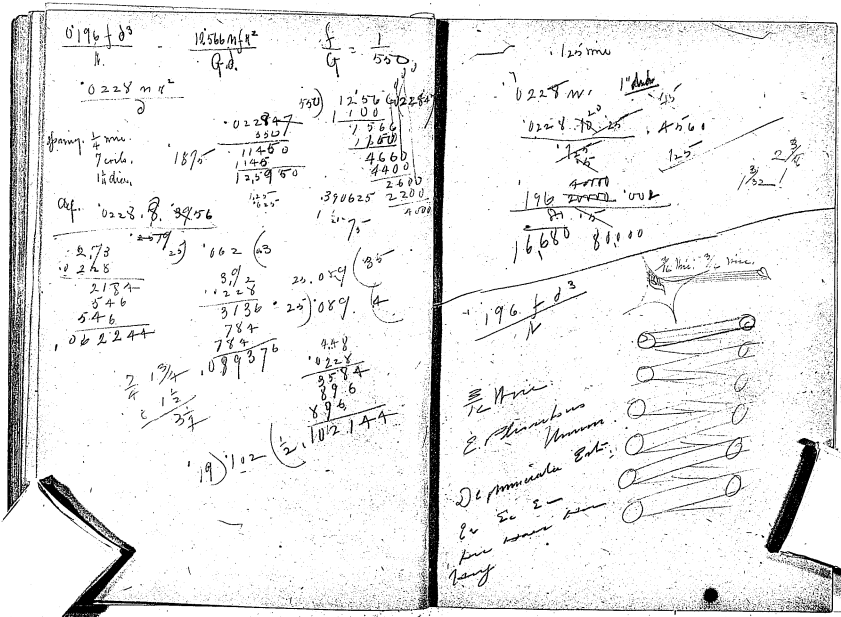
196 . 20000 . 005

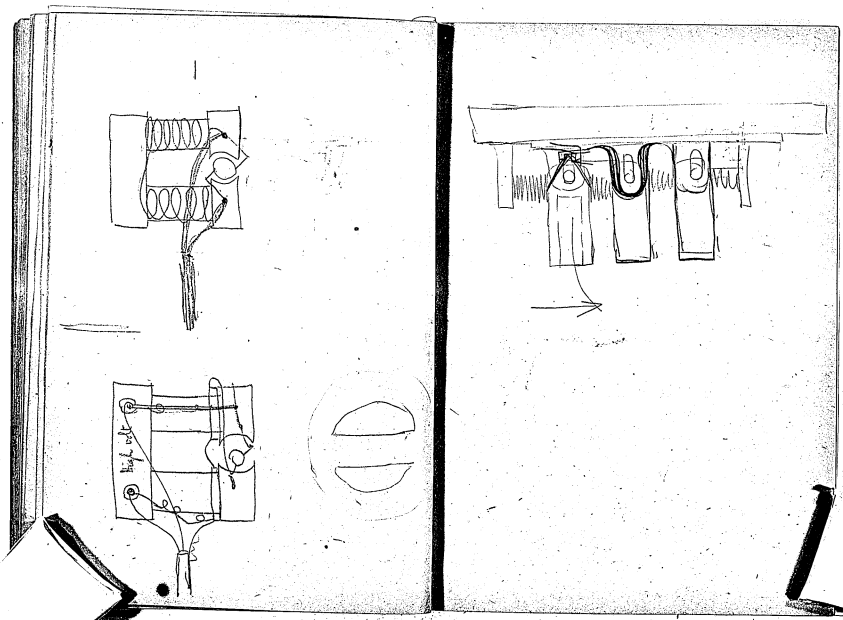
1960,0
196
9800
14700
1960
31360

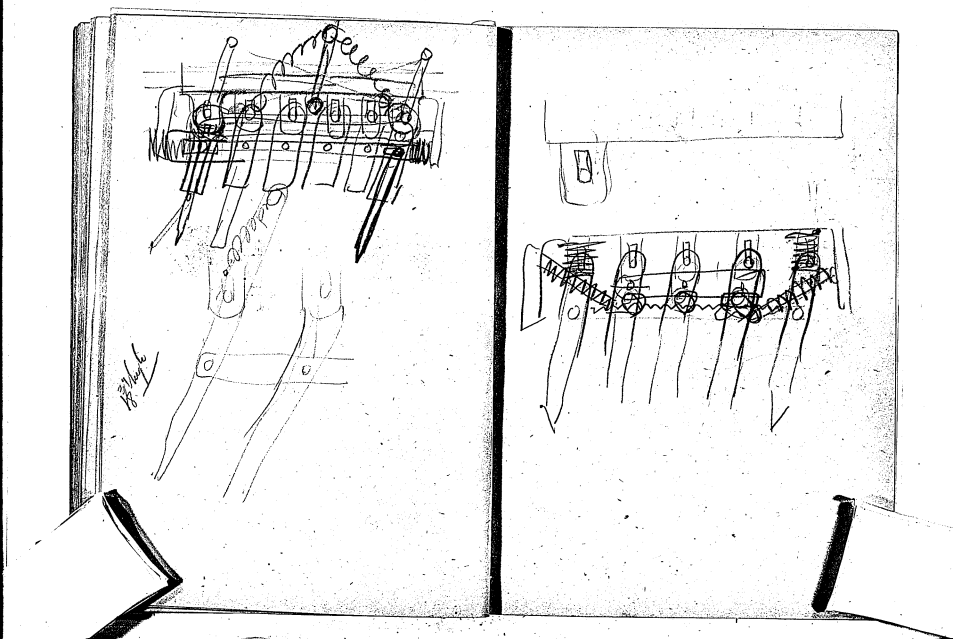
31.35

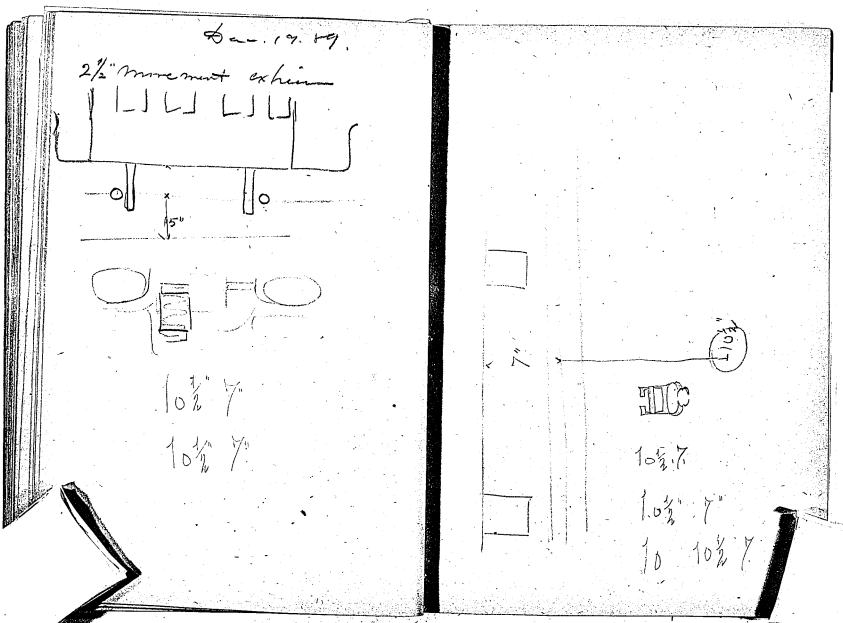
12566 . 6 . 20000 . 500

12566 . 6 . 20000 . 500





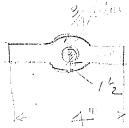



Section
2½" movement exhaust
5"
10 3/4" Y
10 3/4" Y
7"
10 3/4"
10 3/4" Y
10 3/4" Y
10 10 3/4" Y

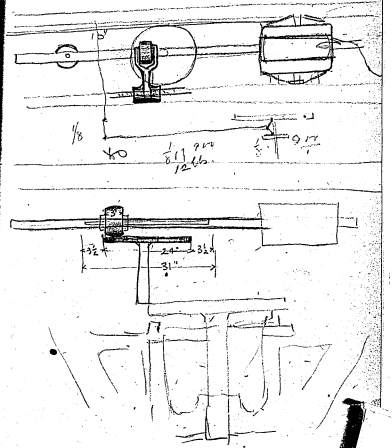
Dec. 14

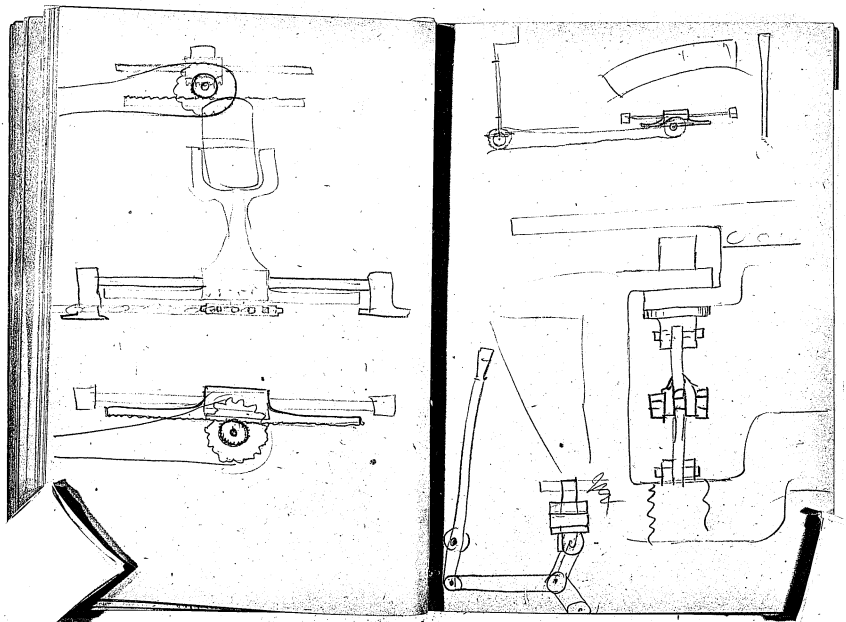
Patented
Dec 9 1913

Hospital foaming,
Casting, mixing and Moulds

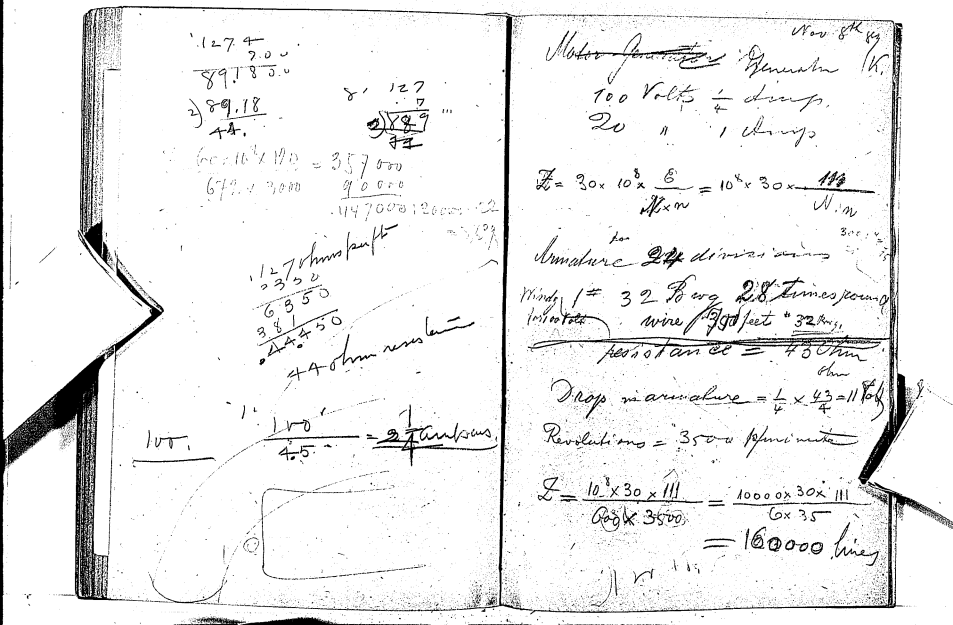


New Street Car Motor, Jan 8 1915





12
18/3/96
12
Mount up to Main Mast
3/4 Amusement up to



lines/sq inch

160 000 : 20 000 = 8 sq cm

~~3/4 × 1 3/4 = 1.9 × 4.5~~

3/4 × 1 7/8 = 1.9

4.8 × 1.9
432
9.12

Dia of arm where body

1 1/4"

Bore 1 11/16" ; Cast iron reckon

~~3/4 × 1 3/4 = 1.6 × 4.5~~

Leakage 20% ; Total flux of lines

160 000
32 000
192 000 : 80 000 = 2.4 sq cm = 100 sq cm

Dia of core

160 000 : ~~18 000~~ =
32 000
~~176 000 : 80 000~~ = 10 sq cm
192 000 : ~~98.77~~ 80

10 : 6.45 = 1.55
355
330

dia of core 1 7/16"
Magnet winding
Air space 1/4"

circ. 2.75 × 1 7/8 = ~~6.08 sq cm~~
= 80 sq cm

~~3 × 6~~ =

Resistance of air space

$R_a = 0.76 \frac{0.6}{30} = 0.014$

Resistance in wrought iron

6" = 15 cm length

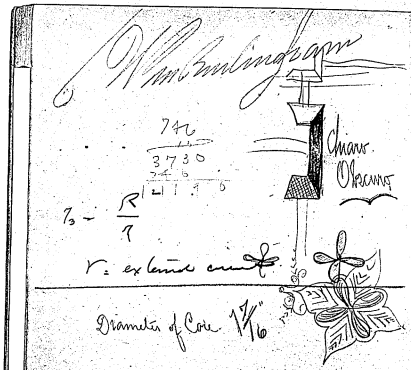
$1.62 \cdot 1^{m} \times 6.45 = 10.4$

$R_w = 0.00085 \times \frac{15}{10.4} =$

Between shoulders 6"

length of bearing 4"

Area of armature entrie


Chains
Offsets
Diameter of Core 17/16